

Ministry of Social Affairs and Labor  
Department of Information Provision and Consultancy

Social Provisions, 2010

## **Social provisions, 2010**

It is hard to get bearings regarding rules of law both for people afflicted by, the clerks dealing with and the persons interested in social provisions. Our social system is rather versatile. Certain provisions are for the elderly while other ones are designed for people with changed capacity for work, for the handicapped, for families with children or for the homeless.

In addition to frequent changes in statutory regulations, obtaining information is even more difficult as a result of the fact that the application for and allocation of the provisions belong to the powers of different organs.

We would like to give assistance in getting bearings through a brief leaflet on the provisions currently available. To make everything as clear as possible, different provisions are outlined with related rules of law, the circle of the entitled as well as the amount of the allowance concerned.

We do hope that our leaflet will provide actual assistance in learning opportunities, in making use of such opportunities and in exercising related rights.

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**1. Provisions under Act III of 1993**  
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**I. Financial provisions depending on needs**

Type	Entitlement	Established by:	Resource	Form/amount
<b>reregular social aid</b>  Section 37/B  * the lowest amount of old age pension was HUF 28,500 in 2010	The person in the active age group, who on the starting day of the entitlement, is considered as of damaged health or who is over 55 or who rears a minor under 14 – provided that no other person receives child care allowance, child care benefit, pregnancy maternity benefit in the family – and the care of the child cannot be assured in a day-time institute, - is entitled to regular social aid provided that in his/her family the monthly income per consumption unit does not exceed 90% of the lowest amount of the old age pension (HUF 25,650 in 2010) and that he/she has no property. Entitlement is established on the basis of the income per consumption unit and the same is taken into account when the amount of the aid is established.	Notary public of the municipality in the locality	Budget of the municipality, financed by the central budget in a rate of 90%	The monthly amount of the regular social aid is the difference between the amount of the family income limit and the actual monthly income of the family of the entitled person but it shall not exceed the prevailing lowest amount of the personal basic wage of full-time employees less the personal income tax, the employees' contribution, the health insurance contribution and the pension contribution (HUF <b>60.236</b> ). The family income limit is the same as the amount of the amount of the ratios belonging to the family consumption units multiplied by 90% of the prevailing lowest amount of the old age pension.

<b>availability support</b>  Section 37	The person in the active age group – excluding the one who receives regular social aid – for the period when - he/she does not take part in public employment for reasons beyond his/her control and does not receive sick pay or absence fee, or - takes part in training for which no income substituting aid is established will be entitled to availability support.	Notary public of the municipality in the locality	Budget of the municipality, financed by the central budget in a rate of 80%	The monthly amount of the availability support is the same as the prevailing lowest amount of old age pension, which is HUF 28,500 in 2010.
<b>allowance to the elderly</b>  Section 32/B	- person over 62 or over the pension age limit applicable to him/her whose per capital income together with the one of his/her spouse or partner in life living in the same household does not exceed 80% of the prevailing lowest amount of the old age pension (HUF 22,800), - single person over 75 whose monthly income does not exceed 130% of the prevailing lowest amount of the old age pension (HUF 37,050)	Notary public of the municipality in the locality	Budget of the municipality, financed by the central budget in a rate of 90%	- 80% of the prevailing lowest amount of the old age pension for persons over 62 or persons over the pension age limit applicable to him/her (HUF <b>22.800</b> ) - 95% of the prevailing lowest amount of the old age pension for single person over 62 or over the pension age applicable to him/her but under 75 (HUF <b>27.075</b> ) - 130% of the prevailing lowest amount of the old age pension for single persons over 75 (HUF <b>37.050</b> )

<p><b>housing support</b></p> <p>Section 38</p> <p>Local housing support established</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>- on normative basis</li> <li>- under subjective right</li> <li>- in equity</li> </ul>	<p>1. The person whose per capita monthly income does not exceed 150% of the prevailing lowest amount of the old age pension (HUF 42,750 in 2009) is entitled to the support on normative basis provided that the monthly costs of his/her housing are over 20% of the total income of the household.</p> <p>In the case of the normative support the acknowledged monthly costs of the housing shall be</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>- the product of multiplication of the acknowledged size of the flat with the acknowledged cost per square meter (HUF 450 in 2009),</li> <li>- the acknowledged flat size for the normative support is</li> <li>-35 nm if one person lives in the household</li> <li>-45 nm if two persons live in the household</li> <li>-55 nm if three persons live in the household</li> <li>-65 nm if four persons live in the household</li> <li>-65 nm plus 5 nm on each further person if more than four person live in the household</li> </ul> <p>but shall not exceed the actual size of the flat in which the entitled person lives.</p> <p>2. The person enjoying debt service assistance is entitled to the support.</p> <p>3. The municipality shall define in its order the circle of the persons entitled to local housing support as well as the income limit and other conditions.</p>	<p>Municipal council of the municipality in the locality.</p>	<p>Budget of the municipality, financed by the central budget in a rate of 90%, with the exception of the local housing support.</p>	<p>Its amount is min. HUF <b>2.500</b>.</p>
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<b>debt service support</b>  Section 55	<p>The municipality may give debt service assistance to the family or person</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>- whose debt is over HUF 50,000</li> <li>- who has debt at least 6 months overdue for payment in the field of housing costs including public utility fees, common costs, rental fees, arrears in housing loans, if the debt was generated 18 months before the submission of the application.</li> </ul> <p>Condition: compulsory participation in debt service consultancy</p>	<p>Municipal council of the municipality in the locality.</p> <p>The municipality regulates the detailed rules on the assistance in its decree.</p>	<p>Budget of the municipality, financed by the central budget in a rate of 90%</p>	<p>Its amount shall not exceed 75% of the debt or HUF <b>300,000</b>. The support may be granted in a single sum or in monthly installments subject to the undertaking.</p>
<b>nursing fee</b>  Section 40	<p>Provision to the adult relative undertaking to nurse a person needing steady care.</p> <p>With the exception of the fiancé/fiancée the relative is entitled to nursing fee if the person cared for is unable to live independently and needs steady supervision and care and is</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>- seriously handicapped, or</li> <li>- steadily ill and is under 18.</li> </ul> <p>The fee can be established in equity if the person cared for is over 18 and is steadily sick.</p>	<p>The notary public of the municipality of the locality and the municipal council in case establishment in equity, based on the certificate and expertise of the family doctor.</p>	<p>Budget of the municipality, financed by the central budget in a rate of 90% with the exception of the nursing fee established in equity.</p>	<p>It shall not be lower than the lowest amount of the old age pension (HUF <b>28.500</b>) for the nursing of seriously handicapped persons or steadily ill person under 18. It shall be 130% of the prevailing lowest amount of the old age pension (HUF <b>37.050</b>) for the nursing of seriously handicapped person needing advanced care. It shall not be lower than 80% of the prevailing lowest amount of the old age pension (HUF <b>22.800</b>) for the nursing of steadily ill people over 18. Its period is to be considered as service time as a 9.5% pension contribution is deducted.</p>



<b>temporary aid</b>  Section 45	It can be granted to persons who are in an extraordinary situation endangering their subsistence and who are not able to earn living for themselves and their families otherwise. To be granted occasionally, for example in case of sickness or natural disasters implying huge expenses.	Municipal council of the municipality of the locality	Budget of the municipality	Varying amount (occasional or continuous), temporary aid that can be granted even in the form of an interest free loan not considered as a credit extended by financial institutions.
<b>burial aid</b>  Section 46	It can be granted to the person who arranged for the burial of the deceased though he/she was not obliged to do so or was obliged to do so but the bearing the burial costs endangers his/her or his/her family's subsistence.	Municipal council of the municipality of the locality.	Budget of the municipality	Varying amount but its amount shall not be lower than 10% of the usual cheapest burial in the locality but may amount to all of its costs if the their bearing endangers the subsistence of the applicant or that of his/her family.

## II. Social provisions in kind

Type	Entitlement	Established by:	Resource	Form/amount
a) in lieu of financial provision				
<b>1. housing support</b>  Section 38	See point I/3	Municipal council of the municipality in the locality	Budget of the municipality, financed by the central budget in a certain rate	e.g. paying public utility fees, vouchers for combustible
<b>2. temporary aid</b>  Section 45	See point I/6			e.g. foodstuffs, textbooks, paying the fees of child care institutes
3. burial aid  Section 46	See point I/7			paying burial costs
b) provisions in kind				
<b>1. burial from public resources</b>		Municipal council of the municipality in the locality	Budget of the municipality, financed by the central budget in a certain rate	The mayor of the locality where the person deceased shall arrange for the burial if no person exists or not person can be found who is obliged to bury the deceased person, or if the obliged person fails to arrange for the burial.



## 2. Provisions over and above the ones under Act III of 1993

Type	Entitlement	Established by:	Resource	Form/amount
<b>3. handicap allowance</b>  Decree 83/1987. (XII.27.) MT	Person under 18 who, before turning 25, became full inapt for work or suffered health damage of 80% or more and no pension or accident relate pension has been established for him/her.	Pension fund directorate competent at the place of residence. Allocated by the pension payment directorate.	Central budget	Uniform, currently HUF <b>33.330</b>

<p><b>4. temporary allowance</b></p> <p>Government Decree 387/2007. (XII.23.) Korm.</p>	<p>Person</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>- having a health damage of at least 40% suffered in the course of his/her income earning activity, who is inapt for work in the present or former position or in other job corresponding to his/her qualification without rehabilitation, and</li> <li>- who reaches the retirement age of old age pension within five years, and</li> <li>- who has the service time necessary of retirement in the old age scheme, and</li> <li>- who does not receive any pension under own right, and</li> <li>- who does not receive regular financial provision, wage supplement, temporary wage supplement, income supplement, temporary income supplement, regular social allowance, health damage allowance for miners, and</li> <li>- who does not perform any income earning activity or whose monthly average income in the four calendar months before the submission of the application did not exceed 80% of the prevailing compulsory lowest wage.</li> </ul>	<p>Pension fund directorate competent at the place of residence. Allocated by the pension payment directorate.</p>	<p>Central budget</p>	<p>75% of the old age pension of the entitled, calculated on the basis of the income and service time grounding the pension payment, earned and spent in service till the day of becoming entitled to the temporary allowance, irrespective of the membership in a private pension fund but it shall not be lower than the monthly amount of the regular social allowance.</p> <p>For the person whose entitlement was established according to the provisions in force before 1 January 2008, the provisions in force on 31 December 2007 shall be applied till 31 December 2010 for the termination of his entitlement owing to the amount received by him/her from income earning activities.</p>
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<p><b>5. regular social allowance</b></p> <p>Government Decree 387/2007.(XII.23.) Korm.</p>	<p>Person health damage of at least 40% suffered in the course of his/her income earning activity, who is inapt for work in the present or former position or in other job corresponding to his/her qualification without rehabilitation, and</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>- who has not reached the retirement age, and</li> <li>- who has half of the service time necessary of retirement in the old age scheme, and</li> <li>- who does not receive any pension under own right, and</li> <li>- who does not receive regular financial provision, wage supplement, temporary wage supplement, income supplement, temporary income supplement, regular social allowance, health damage allowance for miners, and</li> <li>- who does not perform any income earning activity or whose monthly average income in the four calendar months before the submission of the application did not exceed 80% of the prevailing compulsory lowest wage</li> </ul>	<p>Pension fund directorate competent at the place of residence. Allocated by the pension payment directorate.</p>	<p>Central budget</p>	<p>Monthly amount of the allowance established after 1 January 2010: <b>HUF 27.000</b></p> <p>It is HUF 31,360 for persons who reach their 62 years of age till 31 December 2010.</p> <p>For the person whose entitlement was established according to the provisions in force before 1 January 2008, the provisions in force on 31 December 2007 shall be applied till 31 December 2009 for the termination of his entitlement owing to the amount received by him/her from income earning activities.</p>
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<p><b>6. allowance to the blind</b></p> <p>Decree 6/1971.(XI.30.) Eü.M, Government resolution 1032/1971,(VII.14.)</p> <p><i>No new establishment since 1 July 2001.</i></p>	<p>Persons over 18 with serious sight impairment or blind persons who lost sight for a long period (one year) or for ever.</p>	<p>Allocated by the Regional Directorate of the Hungarian State Treasury.</p>	<p>Central Budget</p>	<p>HUF <b>15.360</b></p>
<p><b>7. spouse benefit and supplement to the spouse benefit</b></p> <p>Decree 89/1990.(V.1.) MT</p> <p>Subsection (4) of Section 12 of decree 187/1997.(X.31.) Korm.</p> <p><i>No new establishment since 1 January 1998</i></p>	<p>Persons whose pension under own right did not exceed HUF 9,670 a month and whose spouse living together with him/her is over the age entitling widow(er)'s pension or is disabled (67% reduction in work capacity) and whose pension, accident related pension, wage, income did not exceed the lowers amount of the widow(er)'s pension.</p>	<p>Allocated by the Pension Payment Directorate</p>	<p>Central budget</p>	<p>Amount: HUF <b>20.410</b></p>

<b>8. income supplement on the spouse</b>  decree 89/1009.(V.1.) MT  Subsection (4) of Section 12 of decree 187/1997.(X.31.) Korm.  <i>No new establishment since 1 January 1998</i>	The supplement was given to the spouse (partner in life) of the person receiving old age pension, handicap person, accident related pension if the receiving party was not otherwise entitled to the supplement to	Allocated by the Pension Payment Directorate	Central budget	Amount: HUF <b>14.160</b>
<b>9. support to diabetic persons</b>  decree 18/1987.(XII.24.) EüM  No new establishment since 1 January 2000	The support was allocated to persons receiving regular insulin or oral anti-diabetic drugs , who was over 70 or was disabled of category I or II or who belonged to the group that enjoyed privileged treatment.		Central budget	Amount: HUF <b>100</b>



<b>10. transport aid to the physically handicapped</b>  Government decree 164/1995.(XII.27.) Korm.	Persons with serious physical handicap (over 3 or over 1 for persons applying for the transport support) if, on 1 January of the year concerned, the average monthly net income per capita in the year preceding the year concerned does not exceed 2.5 times the prevailing lowest income of the old age pension (HUF 71,250) Forms: - support to vehicle procurement, - support to vehicle transformation, - support to transportation	Notary of the municipality in the locality.	Central budget	Procurement support: 60% of the purchase price of the vehicle but max. HUF <b>300,000</b> Transformation support: max. HUF <b>30,000</b>  Basic amount of the transport support: HUF <b>7,000</b>  Depending on age and activity as well as on rearing minors: HUF <b>7,000 – HUF 28,000</b>  - inactive persons: HUF <b>7,000</b> - persons rearing minors: HUF <b>10,500</b> - persons pursuing studies or working (1-62): HUF <b>24,500</b> - persons pursuing studies or working and caring for minors in own household: HUF <b>28,000</b>
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<p><b>11. parking card</b></p> <p>Government decree 218/2003.(XII.11.) Korm.</p>	<p>The parking card may be given to the person who</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>- has serious physical handicap,</li> <li>-has sight impairment, is mentally handicapped or is autistic,</li> <li>- was qualified as blind before 1 July 2001, or</li> <li>- was qualified as blind or as a person with serious sight impairment, physical handicap, mentally disabled or as autistic according to the decree on sicknesses and disabilities entitling to an increased amount of family allowance, and who certifies such through a medical expertise.</li> </ul>	<p>Document bureau competent at the place of residence.</p>	<p>Central budget</p>	
<p><b>12. health damage annuity for miners</b></p> <p>Government Decree 387/2007.(XII.23.) Korm.</p>	<p>The annuity may be given to the person whose damage to health is at least of 29% and</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>- who does not receive pension under own right, regular financial provision, wage supplement, temporary wage supplement, income supplement, temporary income supplement, regular social allowance, and</li> <li>- who does not perform income earning activity when the annuity is established, and</li> <li>- who received miners' wage supplement, or temporary wage supplement before the termination of the income earning activity because of changed capacity for work or health damage.</li> </ul>	<p>Pension fund directorate competent at the place of residence. Allocated by the pension payment directorate.</p>	<p>Central budget</p>	<p>Its monthly amount shall be the same as the sum of the income supplement, temporary income supplement allocated before the establishment of the annuity but shall not be higher than the triplicate of the prevailing lowest amount of the old age pension (HUF <b>85,500</b>)</p>

<p><b>13. handicap support</b></p> <p>Section 22 of Act XXVI of 1998</p>	<p>The support can be given to seriously handicapped persons over 18 who</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>- have sight impairment</li> <li>- hearing impairment</li> <li>- are mentally handicapped</li> <li>- are physically handicapped</li> <li>- are autistic, or</li> <li>- have multiple handicap</li> </ul> <p>and whose condition is steady or final and who are unable to live independently and need permanent assistance of others.</p>	<p>Regional directorate of the Hungarian State Treasury</p>	<p>Central budget</p>	<p>65% of the prevailing lowest amount of the old age pension (HUF <b>18,525</b>) if the person</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>- have sight impairment</li> <li>- is mentally handicapped</li> <li>- is physically handicapped</li> </ul> <p>80% of the prevailing lowest amount of the old age pension (HUF <b>22,800</b>) if the person</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>- has multiple handicap, or</li> <li>- is mentally handicap, or</li> <li>- is physically handicap</li> </ul> <p>provided that the person with serious handicap cannot care for himself/herself at all.</p>
<p><b>14. accident annuity</b></p> <p>Section 57 of Act LXXXIII of 1997</p>	<p>The accident related annuity may be paid to persons who suffered damage to health over 13% as a result of an industrial accident but who are not entitled to accident related pension, rehabilitation benefit.</p>	<p>Pension fund directorate competent at the place of residence. Allocated by the pension payment directorate.</p>	<p>Health insurance fund</p>	<p>The amount depends on the degree of the damage to health. Accordingly,</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>- the person with a damage of 14-20% belongs to accident category 1,</li> <li>- the person with a damage of 21-28% belongs to accident category 2,</li> <li>- the person with a damage of 29-39% belongs to accident category 3,</li> <li>- the person with a damage over 39% belongs to accident category 4.</li> </ul>

<p><b>15. sick pay</b></p> <p>Sections 43-50 of Act LXXXIII of 1997</p>	<p>a) the insured person who has or had effective insurance and whose physician certifies him/her sick owing to his/her illness and who is obliged to pay health insurance contribution. The sick pay is due from the day following the expiry of the entitlement to sick leave for the full period of the illness as certified but it will not be paid over 1 year. However, it shall be paid for a period of 1 year only if, directly before the inability to work, the applicant was insured for at least one year.</p> <p>b) the insured person who becomes unable to work following the termination of his/her insurance relationship may receive sick pay for 45 days at the most. The general director of the National Health Insurance Fund may extend the above period for max 45 days in equity.</p> <p>If the physician certifying inability to work finds that the person concerned is passive i.e. (following the termination of his/her insurance relationship) he/she is presumably disabled, the physician shall initiate the establishment of the handicap 30 days before the expiry of the entitlement to the sick leave. In such a case medical expertise institutions shall decide on the extent of the reduction in the capacity for work within 15 days.</p>	<p>Social insurance paying agencies or health insurance funds</p>	<p>Health insurance fund</p>	<p>For continuous insurance relationship of at least 2 years the amount of the sick pay shall be 60% of the daily average income and its 50% for a shorter insurance period or in cases of hospital treatment.</p>
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<p><b>16. job seekers' annuity</b></p> <p>Sections 25-29 of Act IV of 1991</p>	<p>The annuity may be paid to the person who</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>a) is a job seeker,</li> <li>b) he/she has a labor relationship of at least 365 days within four years before becoming a job seeker</li> <li>c) does not receive handicap pension, accident related handicap pension or sick pay</li> <li>d) he/she wants to be employed but he/she has not been successful in finding a job and the labor center could not offer him/her an appropriate job either.</li> </ul> <p>The period of the payment of the annuity is to be established on the basis of the term of the labor relationship within 4 years before becoming a job seeker, according to which 5 days of employment shall entitle to one day of payment of the annuity. The annuity may be paid for 270 days at the most.</p>	<p>Labor center</p>	<p>Central budget</p>	<p>Its amount is to be calculated on the basis of the average income earned in the four calendar quarters before becoming a job seeker.</p> <p>Amount of the annuity:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>- 60% of the bases of the annuity for half of the allocation term but for 91 days at the most,</li> <li>- 60% of the lowest compulsory wage in effect on the starting day of the entitlement, for the second half of the period.</li> </ul>
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<p><b>17. job seekers' aid</b></p> <p>Section 30 of Act IV of 1991</p>	<p>It is to be paid to the person who meets the conditions under points c) and d) and</p> <p>a) the job seekers' annuity had been established for him/her for at least 180 days and the allocation period expired and he/she submitted his/her application within 30 days from the termination of the payment of the annuity, or</p> <p>b) he/she had at least 200 days of employment within four years before becoming a job seeker and he/she is not entitled to job seekers' annuity, or</p> <p>c) when the application is submitted max. 5 years are missing for becoming entitled to the old age pension and he/she had been given the job seekers' annuity the term of which expired.</p> <p>Period of payment: 90 days in the case under point a) and 180 days if the job seeker is over 50, 90 days in the case under point b), till becoming entitled to the old age, handicap or accident related handicap pension in the case under point c).</p>	<p>Labor center</p>	<p>Central budget</p>	<p>Its amount is 40% of the lowest compulsory wage in effect when the application is submitted.</p>
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<p><b>18. entrepreneurs' annuity</b></p> <p>Section 44 of Act IV of 1991</p>	<p>The annuity may be paid to the person who is a job seeker and</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>- was a private or associate entrepreneur for at least 365 days before becoming a job seeker and during such activities he/she fulfilled the obligation to pay the entrepreneurs' contribution,</li> <li>- does not receive handicap pension, accident related handicap pension or sick pay</li> <li>- he/she wants to be employed but he/she has not been successful in finding a job and the labor center could not offer him/her an appropriate job either.</li> </ul>	<p>Labor center</p>	<p>Central budget</p>	<p>Its amount is calculated on the basis of the income forming the basis of the entrepreneurs' contribution. When the calculation is made, the income in the last calendar year in the four ones before becoming a job seeker is taken into account in which the job seeker paid entrepreneurs' contribution for at least six months. For lack of such a year the lowest compulsory wage in effect in the calendar year before becoming a job seeker shall be taken into account. The tax authority shall issue a certificate on the payment of the entrepreneurs' contribution and the income in the calendar year concerned on the basis of the tax return of the private entrepreneur or the data provision of associations.</p>
<p><b>19. income substitution benefit</b></p> <p>Subsection (6) of Section 14 of Act IV of 1991</p>	<p>The benefit may be paid for the period of training supported by the state and commenced in the period of the allocation of the job seekers' aid or entrepreneurs' annuity but for the term after the expiry of the job seekers' aid or entrepreneurs' annuity.</p> <p>The benefit may be paid only for intensive courses with 20 hours a day, recommended or accepted by the labor center.</p>	<p>Labor center</p>	<p>Central budget</p>	<p>Its amount is between 60 and 100% of the minimal wage, as established at own discretion. HUF 49,200 – 71,500 / month, or HUF 1,430 – 2,383 / day.</p>

# **1. Allowances on children**

## **Provisions regulated under Act LXXXIV of 1998 (on supporting families)**

<b>Type</b>	<b>Entitlement</b>	<b>Established by:</b>	<b>Resource</b>	<b>Form/amount</b>
<b>1. Maternity allowance</b>  As from Section 29 of Act LXXXIV of 1998	It may be paid to the mother who took part in prenatal care for at least on 4 occasions (at least once in case of premature birth) and even in the case of failing to do so if she certifies that she stayed abroad for 5 months.	Regional directorate of the Hungarian State Treasury	Central budget	225% of the prevailing lowest amount of the old age pension (HUF <b>64,125</b> ) and its 300% for twins for each child (HUF <b>85,500</b> )



<p><b>2. child care allowance (“GYES”)</b></p> <p>Section 20 of Act LXXXIV of 1998</p>	<p>It may be paid to the parent, foster parent, custodian, minor parent under 16 (if he/she does not live in the same household with his/her custodian and the child welfare agency approved the leaving of his/her home) until the child turns 3 or 10 for a steadily sick or seriously handicapped child. For twins it is to be paid till the end of the year when they reach the school age. The grandparent may receive the allowance with effect of 1 May 2001 if the child</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>- is over 1, and</li> <li>- is cared for in the household of the parent, and</li> <li>- his/her parents disclaim the allowance and</li> <li>- the parents agree that the grandparents will receive the allowance.</li> </ul> <p><u>In equity</u></p> <p><b>The chief of the Treasury may establish it to</b></p> <p>the parent rearing the child: if the child’s parents cannot rear him/her for a period over 3 months</p> <p><b>It can establish and extend it:</b></p> <p>For the period until the child begins his/her studies but till he/she turns 8 at the latest if owing to the sickness of the child the child cannot be cared for in a day-time institution.</p> <p>In the period of its allocation the parent may perform income earning activities without limitation after the child turns 1 or the grandparent may do so 4 hours a day or without limitation if the work is done at home after the child turns 3. The ordinary and extraordinary work time (Saturday –</p>	<p>Regional directorate of the Hungarian State Treasury</p>	<p>Central budget</p>	<p>Its amount is the prevailing lowest old age pension, i.e. HUF <b>28,500</b>.</p> <p>For twins its amount is 200% of the prevailing lowest old age pension, i.e. HUF <b>57,000</b>.</p> <p>A 9.5% pension contribution is to be deducted therefore the period of allocation shall be taken into account when the service time is calculated.</p>
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<b>3. child rearing allowance (“GYET”)</b>  As from Section 23 of Act LXXXIV of 1998	It is to be paid to the parent who rears three or more children and the youngest them is between 3 and 8.  During the period of its allocation income earning activities may be performed 4 hours a day or without any restriction if the work is done at home.	Regional Directorate of the Hungarian State Treasury	Central budget	Its amount is the prevailing lowest old age pension, i.e. HUF <b>28,500</b> .  (A 9.5% pension contribution is to be deducted therefore the period of allocation shall be taken into account when the service time is calculated.)
<b>4. family allowance in increased amount</b>	It can be paid on persons who are steadily sick or seriously handicapped:  Child under 18 who owing to his/her sickness or handicap needs steady or advanced supervision and care,  Person over 18 who, before turning 18, lost at least 67% of his/her capacity for work or suffered at least 50% of health damage and he/she has been in such a condition for a year or will presumably be in such a condition for at least one year.	Regional directorate of the Hungarian State Treasury	Central budget	<b><i>With effect of 1 January 2010:</i></b>  HUF <b>23,300</b> for children who are steadily sick or seriously handicapped  HUF <b>25,900</b> for single person rearing a child who is steadily sick or seriously handicapped  HUF <b>20,300</b> for persons over 18 who are steadily sick or seriously handicapped

<b>5. family allowance</b>	Entitled persons:	Regional directorates of the Hungarian State Treasury	Central Budget	The monthly amount of the allowance is as follows with effect of 1 January 2010:
As from Section 6 of Act LXXXIV of 1998	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>- parent, adoptive parent, spouse living together with the parent,</li> <li>- parent wishing to adopt the child reared in his/her own household and the related proceedings are underway (hereinafter referred to as parent),</li> <li>- foster parent, professional foster parent and custodian,</li> <li>- minor parent under 16 who left his/her home with the consent of the child welfare agency, on the child reared in his/her own household,</li> <li>- children under school age</li> <li>- children over school age until the obligation to attend the school ceases to exist,</li> <li>- persons pursuing studies in a secondary or vocational school (until they turn 23) in consideration of the child reared in own household</li> <li>- person to under the custody of whom the child is placed by the child welfare agency.</li> <li>- custodian authorized to manage the wealth of the child or the guardian authorized to manage the property of the child for the child (person) reared in children's home, reformatory, penitentiary, or under child protection care,</li> <li>- chief of the social institution for the child placed in the child (person),</li> </ul> <p><b>Furthermore, entitled persons under own right are:</b></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>- persons over 18 who are steadily sick or seriously handicapped,</li> </ul>			<p>HUF <b>12,200</b> for families with one child,</p> <p>HUF <b>13,700</b> for single parents rearing one child,</p> <p>HUF <b>13,300</b> for families rearing two children (on each child).</p> <p>HUF <b>14,800</b> for single parents rearing two children (on each child),</p> <p>HUF <b>16,000</b> for families rearing three or more children (on each child),</p> <p>HUF <b>17,000</b> for single parents rearing three or more children (on each child),</p> <p>HUF <b>14,800</b> on children living in a children's home, reformatory, penitentiary, or under child protection care, or living in a social institution or with a foster parent, professional foster parent.</p>

**Provisions specified in Act LXXXIII of 1997 on the provisions of obligatory health insurance**

<p><b>1. pregnancy and maternity benefit</b>          (“TGYÁS”)</p> <p>Section 40 of Act LXXXIII of 1997</p>	<p>The insured mother is entitled if she was insured for 180 days within two years prior to the birth of the child, and</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>- she gives birth to the child during the period of the insurance or within 42 days following the termination of the insurance, or</li> <li>- she gives birth to the child beyond 42 days after the termination of the insurance, during the payment of sick-pay or accident-related sick-pay, or within 28 days following the termination of payment.</li> </ul> <p>The Pregnancy and maternity benefit is payable for the period equaling the maternal leave (24 weeks).</p>	<p>The office of the OEP (National Health Insurance Fund) with territorial competence or the disbursement office at work.</p>	<p>Health Insurance Fund</p>	<p>70 percent of the average salary per calendar day</p>
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<b>2. sick-pay for child nursing</b>  from Section 43 of Act LXXXIII of 1997	The insured parent is entitled: -until the first birthday of the child in the case of breast-feeding and caring a child younger than one year, -on a yearly basis in the case of a child aged between one and three, and for 84 calendar days per child, -on a yearly basis in the case of a child aged between three and six, and for 42 calendar days per child (84 days for single parents), -on a yearly basis in the case of a child aged between six and twelve, and for 14 days per child (28 days for single parents).	The office of the OEP (National Health Insurance Fund) with territorial competence or the disbursement office at work	Health Insurance Fund	It is assessed on the basis of the calendar day average of the income – forming a basis of health insurance contribution – gained during the year directly preceding the starting day of the entitlement. The amount of sick-pay is 70 percent of the considerable daily average salary in the case of continuous, at least two years of insurance period, and 60 percent of the daily average salary in the case of a shorter insurance period. Payment is made subsequently.
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<p><b>3. child-care benefit</b>          (“GYED”)</p> <p>Section 42/A. of          Act LXXXIII. of 1997</p>	<p>Entitled persons:</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. The insured parent if the parent was insured for 180 days within two years before applying for the child-care benefit, or before the date of giving birth to the child in the case of a mother bearing a child.</li> <li>2. The mother receiving pregnancy - child bed support whose insurance ceased to exist during the period of using the Pregnancy and maternity benefit, provided that her entitlement to the Pregnancy and maternity benefit evolved during the period of insurance, and she was insured for 180 days within two years prior to the birth of the child.</li> </ol> <p>The GYED is payable at the earliest from the date of expiry of the Pregnancy and maternity benefit or from the day following the expiry of the concordant period of time until the second birthday of the child.</p> <p>No wage-earning activities may be pursued during the payment of the child-care benefit (not even in 4 hours per day), except for remuneration for works under copyright protection.</p>	<p>The office of the          OEP (National Health Insurance Fund)          with          territorial competence or          the          disbursement          office at work</p>	<p>Central budget and          the Health Insurance Fund</p>	<p>70 % of the calendar day average salary, but at most 70 % of the double of the current minimum wage every month.</p> <p>9.5 % pension contribution and personal income tax advance is deducted.</p>
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### Other allowances

<b>1. work time allowance due to fathers for child birth</b> Section 138/A. of Act XXII of 1992	Fathers may receive work time allowance of five days if their (adopted or blood) child is born, and the employer shall grant the work-time allowance at the date requested by the employee until the end of the second month following the birth.	The employer.	Central budget.	Absence fee is payable for the period of work-time allowance.
<b>2. extra holiday on children</b> Section 132 (2) of Act XXII of 1992	Any of the parents may make use of the extra holiday subject to their declaration.	From the viewpoint of the extra holiday, the child shall be considered for the first time in its year of birth, and for the last time in the year of the child's sixteenth birthday.	The employer.	Amount: - 2 days of extra holiday for one child, - 4 days of extra holiday for two children and - a total of 7 days of extra holiday is due to the parent until the 16 <sup>th</sup> birthday of the child

<p><b>3. Family tax benefit</b></p> <p>Section 40 of Act CXVII of 1995</p>	<p>The following persons are entitled to a family allowance:  parents rearing three or more children, foster parents, professional foster parents, guardians as well as pregnant women or their spouses.  The allowance may be claimed for the embryo by those:  - for whom family allowance is paid,  - who are considered from the viewpoint of determining the amount of family allowance,  - who receive the family allowance on their own right,  - who receive annuity for handicap.</p>		<p>Central budget.</p>	<p><b>4000</b> forints per month per dependent in the case of three of more dependents.</p>
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<p><b>4. Free textbook provision textbooks</b></p> <p>Section 8 XXXVII of 2001</p>	<p>The following students are entitled to receive free textbooks:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>-those who are permanently ill,</li> <li>-those who have a bodily, sensing organ, mental or speech defect, autists, and those who suffer from several deficiencies simultaneously,</li> <li>-those who are permanently and seriously hindered in the learning process due to disturbances in psychic development (e.g. dyslexia, dysgraphia, dyscalculia, mutismus, abnormal hyperkinetic or abnormal activity disorder),</li> <li>-those who live in a family with three or more children,</li> <li>-those who are of age, and are entitled to family allowance on their own right,</li> <li>-students regularly receiving child protection allowance.</li> </ul> <p>The normative allowance may not be used in the case of:</p> <p>students receiving child protection care – being reared by foster parents, at a children’s home or at another boarding institution – placed with a temporary effect, as well as taken into transitory or permanent rearing.</p>	<p>The director of the school on the basis of a submitted claim. The school notifies all students about the date for submitting claims. Failing the deadline for submitting claims has a peremptory effect (except for the right of claim arising beyond the deadline).</p>	<p>Central budget</p>	
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**Provisions depending on the eligibility specified in Act XXXI of 1997**

*(on the protection of children and on guardianship administration)*

**a) Cash provisions**

<b>Type</b>	<b>Entitlement</b>	<b>Established by:</b>	<b>Resource</b>	<b>Form/amount</b>
<p><b>1. regular child protection allowance</b></p> <p>Section 19 Property shall cover utilisable real estate, vehicles and rights of pecuniary value the per capita value of which in the family taking care of the child -exceeds the twenty times higher amount of the smallest sum of old-age pension, calculated separately, or -exceeds the seventy times higher amount of the smallest sum of old-age pension, calculated together.</p>	<p>Those persons are entitled to regular child protection allowance:</p> <p>a. in whose family the per capita monthly income does not exceed <b>140 percent</b> of the smallest amount of old-age pension – <b>39.900 forints</b> if</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>-the child is cared by a single parent or other legitimate representative, or</li> <li>-the child is permanently sick or is seriously handicapped, or</li> <li>-in the case of a child who has come of age if s/he fulfils the other conditions</li> </ul> <p>b. in whose family the per capita monthly income does not exceed <b>130 percent</b> of the smallest amount of old-age pension – <b>37.050 forints</b> in the case not falling under point a.), provided that the value of the per capita property does not exceed the legally specified value during the inspection of the financial position.</p>	<p>Notary of the local municipality</p>		<p>The entitlement to regular child protection allowance provides the opportunity to make use of:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>-normative allowance to meals for children,</li> <li>-cash contribution (twice a year),</li> <li>-free-of-charge textbooks,</li> <li>-other allowances.</li> </ul>

<b>2. financial support</b>  Section 20/A.	The notary shall establish financial support of -5800 HUF per child in the month of July for children, young adults if they are entitled to regular child protection support on 1 July 2009, as well as -5800 HUF per child in the month of November for children, young adults if they are entitled to regular child protection support on 1 November 2009.	Notary of the local municipality		HUF <b>5800</b> in the year of 2010
<b>3.extraordinary child protection support</b>  Section 21	If the family rearing the child has temporary subsistence problems, or it has got into an extraordinary life situation that jeopardises its subsistence.	Representative body of the local municipality.	Budget of the local municipality.	The amount is assessed in the resolution of the local municipality. It can also be submitted in kind.

<p><b>4.supplementary child protection support and allowance</b></p> <p>Section 20/B.</p>	<p>The guardian of the child receiving regular child protection allowance if -s/he is obliged to rear the child and receives accident-related pension or regular social allowance similar to pension (regular social allowance, temporary allowance) or old-age allowance.</p>	<p>Notary of the local municipality</p>	<p>Budget of the local municipality.</p>	<p>The monthly amount of support per child is 22 percent of the smallest amount of old-age pension in 2010 HUF <b>6270</b>.</p> <p>For the relative who has been appointed guardian, the notary shall establish</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>- HUF <b>8400</b> per child in the month of July if s/he is entitled to supplementary child protection support on 1th of July 2010, as well as</li> <li>-an allowance of HUF <b>8400</b> per child in the month of November if s/he is entitled to supplementary child protection support on 1th of November 2010.</li> </ul>
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<p><b>5. support to kindergarten education</b></p> <p>Section 20/C.</p> <p>In 2010, support to kindergarten education may be granted for the first time to those parents who signed up their child to kindergarten – who have reached their third or fourth year of age – after 1 January 2010.</p> <p>For the parents concerned who already signed up their child – who have reached their third or fourth year of age – to kindergarten before 1 January 2010 ten thousand forints are paid for the first time in June 2010.</p>	<p>The parent of the child receiving regular child protection allowance who</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>- signed up his/her three- or four-year-old child to kindergarten,</li> <li>- furthermore who provides for his/her child's regular kindergarten education and - whose entitlement to regular child protection allowance prevails.</li> </ul>	<p>Notary of the local municipality.</p>		<p><b>20,000</b> HUF for the first time and <b>10,000</b> HUF for the second time.</p>
<p><b>6. advance for child support (alimony)</b></p> <p>Section 22</p>	<p>If the collection of the alimony is temporarily impossible, and the person rearing the child is unable to provide the child with the necessary rearing, provided that the amount of per capita income in the family rearing the child is less than the double of the smallest amount of old-age pension (57,000 HUF).</p>	<p>The guardian office based on a court decision.</p>	<p>Budget of the local municipality.</p>	<p>The amount assessed by court.</p>

<p><b>7. housing subsidy</b></p> <p>Section 25</p>	<p>Those young adults are entitled to housing subsidy whose uninterrupted rearing for a period of at least three years was terminated upon the coming of age, and the value of their property in cash or real estate does not exceed the amount 50 times higher than the smallest sum of old-age pension. Savings from the wages of young adults may not be considered in the cash property. Young adults are also entitled to the support if they were reared for a period shorter than three years because the child had no parent to exercise supervision – due to the termination of the parent’s (parents’) supervision right or for another reason – and the rearing of the child could not be provided by way of an appointed guardian.</p>	<p>Guardian office.</p>	<p>Central budget.</p>	<p>The amount shall be assessed on the basis of the joint value of the years spend in continuous rearing as well as the cash and real estate property of the entitled person in a manner that it should reach the following amount in the case of entitled persons having no property as well as together with the property if the entitled persons have a property:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>a) forty times the smallest amount of old-age pension upon rearing for less than four years,</li> <li>b) fifty times the smallest amount of old-age pension upon rearing for more than four years,</li> <li>c) sixty times the smallest amount of old-age pension upon rearing for more than five years.</li> </ul>
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<p><b>8. normative allowance for child catering</b></p> <p>Section 148</p>	<p>The following children are entitled to an allowance:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>- children entitled to regular child protection support</li> <li>- children living in families with three or more children</li> <li>- children who are permanently sick or handicapped.</li> </ul> <p>The normative allowance may be received under one title only.</p> <p>In order to determine the allowance, the following persons shall be considered as living in a common household:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>- children under the age of 18,- students younger than 25, attending daytime public education, as well as</li> <li>- permanently sick or seriously disabled children irrespective of age</li> </ul>	<p>Assessed by the head of the institution.</p>	<p>Central budget.</p>	<p>In the case of children catering:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>- children at nursery, kindergarten and daytime school education (in 1-6 grades) receiving regular child protection allowance,</li> <li>- 100 percent of the institutional allowance for children placed at an institution providing daytime care for handicapped children and belonging to the effect of the Act on social provisions,</li> <li>- 50 percent of the institutional allowance for children and students who are permanently sick or handicapped and do not belong to the above categories,</li> <li>- 50 percent of the institutional allowance for every child in families with three or more children.</li> </ul> <p>The normative allowance may be used only under one title. Students may not receive a catering allowance that they are already entitled to by virtue of a student contract concluded under the stipulations regarding specialised training. The normative allowance may not be used in the case of students receiving child protection care – being reared by foster parents, at a children’s home or at another boarding institution – placed with a temporary effect, as well as taken</p>
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**b.) Provisions in kind**

<b>Type</b>	<b>Entitlement</b>	<b>Established by:</b>	<b>Resource</b>	<b>Form/amount</b>
<b>1.extraordinary child protection support in kind</b>  Section 21	If the family rearing the child has temporary subsistence problems, or it has got into an extraordinary life situation that jeopardises its subsistence.	Representative body of the local municipality	Central budget and the budget of the local municipality.	For primary school children: - support to textbooks and educational materials, - allowance for meal payments at children's institutions, - payment of tuition, - payment of charge for health services, as well as - payment of other provisions.



**4. Major provisions specified in Act LXXXI of 1997  
(on social insurance pensions)**

<b>Type</b>	<b>Entitlement</b>	<b>Established by:</b>	<b>Resource</b>	<b>Form/amount</b>
<b>1.full old-age pension</b>  Section 7 of Act LXXXI of 1997	Those people – having reached their sixty-second year of age – are entitled to social insurance old-age pension who have a service time of at least twenty years.	Central Administration of National Pension Insurance	Pension Insurance Fund	It is assessed on the basis of the recognised service time and the monthly average salary that can serve as a basis of consideration.
<b>2.partial old-age pension</b>  Section 7 (3) of Act LXXXI of 1997	Those people – having reached their sixty-second year of age – are entitled to partial old-age pension who have a service time of at least fifteen years.	Central Administration of National Pension Insurance	Pension Insurance Fund	It is assessed on the basis of the recognised service time and the monthly average salary that can serve as a basis of consideration.
<b>3. premature old-age pension</b>  Section 18/A of Act LXXXI of 1997	Premature old-age pension may be paid until 31 December 2012 - before reaching the 62nd birthday - to those men who have reached their 60 <sup>th</sup> birthday and to women who have reached their 59 <sup>th</sup> birthday and have gained at least 40 years of service time and maintain no legal relationship involving insurance. The date when the entitled person reached the age and service time required for acquiring the title shall be regarded as the date of acquiring the right to brought-forward old-age pension and reduced old-age pension brought forward.	Central Administration of National Pension Insurance	Pension Insurance Fund	It is assessed on the basis of the recognised service time and the monthly average salary that can serve as a basis of consideration.

<b>4. reduced premature pension</b>  Section 18/A of Act LXXXI of 1997	Those people are entitled to premature reduced old-age pension until 31 December 2012 who have gained at least 37 years of service time and maintain no legal relationship involving insurance.	Central Administration of National Pension Insurance	Pension Insurance Fund	It is assessed on the basis of the recognised service time and the monthly average salary that can serve as a basis of consideration.
<b>5. handicap pension</b>  Section 23-31 of Act LXXXI of 1997	Handicap pension can be paid to persons who <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>- have health damage exceeding 70 percent</li> <li>- have health damage between 50 and 79 percent, cannot be employed without rehabilitation, but cannot be rehabilitated</li> <li>- have the service time prescribed for their age,</li> <li>- pursue no wage-earning activities due to their deterioration of health, or</li> <li>- their wage is at least 30 percent lower than the monthly average of wages gained during the four calendar months preceding their deterioration of health,</li> <li>- do not receive sick-pay, accident-related sick-pay.</li> </ul>	Central Administration of National Pension Insurance	Pension Insurance Fund	The monthly average salary forming the basis of handicap pension and the amount of handicap pension shall be assessed by the general rules specified in the act with the proviso that the amount of handicap pension shall be assessed <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>- in the case of 79 percent health deterioration according to handicap category I or II, depending on whether the entitled person needs care by other persons,</li> <li>- in the case of 50-79 percent health deterioration according to handicap category III.</li> </ul>

<p><b>6. accident-related handicap pension</b></p> <p>Section 32-36 of Act LXXXI of 1997</p>	<p>Accident-related handicap pension can be paid to persons who are disabled mainly as a result of accident at work or occupational disease, and as a result of health deterioration</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>- pursue no wage-earning activities, or</li> <li>- their wage is at least 30 percent lower than the monthly average of wages gained during the four calendar months preceding their deterioration of health,</li> <li>- do not receive sick-pay, accident-related sick-pay. Those people are also entitled to accident-related handicap pension whose deterioration of health is due to silicosis or asbestosis, the rate of health deterioration reaches 40 percent, and they meet the above conditions. Those people are not entitled to the accident-related handicap pension on the basis of their injury who caused their injury intentionally or with a doctor's help as well as those who were intentionally late with reporting the accident.</li> </ul>	<p>Central Administration of National Pension Insurance</p>	<p>Pension Insurance Fund</p>	<p>The amount of accident-related handicap pension shall be assessed under the stipulations on determining handicap pension, or – if it is more favourable – upon request by the applicant, on the basis of the salary through one year preceding the accident, serving as a basis for determining the pension contribution. The amount of accident-related handicap pension is subject to the degree of handicap and the period of service time.</p>
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**Provisions for dependents**  
Act LXXXI of 1997

Type	Entitlement	Established by:	Resource	Form/amount
<b>1. widow/er pension</b>  Section 45-53 of Act LXXXI of 1997	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>- to spouses whose deceased husband/wife attained the necessary service time for old-age or handicap pension, or deceased as a pensioner receiving old-age or handicap pension.</li> <li>- to partners in life, if the conditions prescribed for spouses prevail, who lived together with their partner in life until the partner in life's death</li> <li>- for one year without interruption and they had child/ren, or</li> <li>- for ten years without interruption.</li> </ul>	Central Administration of National Pension Insurance. The Pension Payment Directorate if the person receiving the title deceased as a pensioner.	Pension Insurance Fund	<p>a.) 60 percent of the deceased person's pension is payable to - temporary widow/er pensioners - disabled widow/ers who have reached the old-age pension age limit and do not receive pension on their own right.</p> <p>b.) 30 percent is payable to -persons who have reached the old-age pension age limit or who are disabled, if they receive pension on their own right, as well as to widow/ers caring two children entitled to orphan provision (or only one child who is seriously disabled or permanently ill) on the right of the deceased person.</p>

<p><b>2. orphan care</b></p> <p>Section 54-56 of Act LXXXI of 1997</p>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>- natural child</li> <li>- child from earlier marriage or life partnership reared by spouses or people living as partners in life together in the same household,</li> <li>- adopted child if the parent attained before his/her death the service time necessary for old-age or handicap pension, or died as an old-age or disabled pensioner.</li> </ul>	<p>Central Administration of National Pension Insurance. The Pension Payment Directorate if the person receiving the title deceased as a pensioner.</p>	<p>Pension Insurance Fund</p>	<p>30 percent of the pension due to the deceased person for each child.</p> <p>60 percent is due to the child</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>a) whose both parents deceased,</li> <li>b) whose living parent is disabled.</li> </ul>
<p><b>3. parental pension</b></p> <p>Section 58-59 of Act LXXXI of 1997</p>	<p>Those parents are entitled to parental pension whose child (grand-child) attained before his/her death the service time necessary for old-age or handicap pension, or died as an old-age or disabled pensioner, and</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>- the parent (grandparent) is disabled or reached his/her 65<sup>th</sup> year of age when losing his/her child (grandchild), and</li> <li>- the parent (grandparent) was for the most part supported by his/her child (grandchild) for one year prior to the death.</li> </ul>	<p>Central Administration of National Pension Insurance The Pension Payment Directorate if the person receiving the title deceased as a pensioner.</p>	<p>Pension Insurance Fund</p>	<p>When determining the amount it is considered whether the surviving parent has a pension on his/her own right.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>- 30 percent of the provision due to the deceased is payable to the parent who receives pension on his/her own right on the day of death,</li> <li>-60 percent is payable to the parent who does not receive pension on his/her own right.</li> </ul>

## 5. Rehabilitation allowance

*Act LXXXIV of 2007*

<p><b>1. rehabilitation benefit</b></p> <p>Act LXXXIV of 2007</p>	<p>Those are entitled to rehabilitation benefit who</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>- suffered 50-79 percent health deterioration and in connection with this they are not able – without rehabilitation - to work in the current position or in the position before the health deterioration or in another position matching his/her qualification, and</li> <li>- whose wages or income are at least by 30 percent lower than the monthly average of wages or income through four calendar months preceding the deterioration of health, furthermore</li> <li>- who can be rehabilitated and</li> <li>- who have attained the service time required for determining the handicap pension according to their age.</li> </ul>	<p>Central Administration of National Pension Insurance</p>	<p>Pension Insurance Fund</p>	<p>The amount of rehabilitation benefit equals 120 percent of the handicap pension (third handicap group), irrespective of the private pension fund membership. The smallest amount of rehabilitation benefit equals 120 percent of the smallest amount of handicap pension (third handicap group).</p> <p>Pension contribution (membership fee) is deducted from the amount of allowance, therefore, it is regarded as service time during the payment period.</p> <p>The applicant may not pursue wage-earning activities when the entitlement is assessed, only if his/her wages are at least by 30 percent lower than the monthly average of his/her income during the four calendar months preceding the deterioration of health.</p> <p>Limitation on wages during the payment period</p> <p>The amount of allowance</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>- shall be reduced by 50 percent if the monthly average of the recipient's wages, income</li> </ul>
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				<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>- reduced with taxes and contributions – exceeds 90 percent of the average monthly wage constituting the basis of handicap pension through 3 consecutive months,</li> <li>- and shall be terminated if it exceeds the same through 6 consecutive months, or its amount raised with the rate of regular pension increases after the assessment, but at least the amount of the minimum wage. Therefore, it means that s/he can earn the minimum wage by all means, or even more, if it does not exceed 90 percent (or the increased amount) of the basis of pension.</li> </ul>
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